

Open Pattern Matching for C++

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λ-calculus in C++

```
struct Term { virtual ~Term() {} };
struct Var : Term { std::string name; };
struct Abs : Term { Var& var; Term& body; };
struct App : Term { Term& func; Term& arg; };

Term* eval(Term* t) {
  var<const Var&> v; var<const Term&> a,b;
  Match(t) {
    Case(C<Var>()) return &match0;
    Case(C<Abs>()) return &match0;
    Case(C<App>(C<Abs>(&v,&b),&a)) return eval(subs(b,v,a));
    Otherwise() std::cerr << "Invalid term"; return nullptr;
  } EndMatch
}
```

```
bool operator==(const Term& left, const Term& right) {
  var<std::string> s; var<const Term&> v,t,f;
  Match( left, right ) {
    Case(C<Var>(s), C<Var>(s)) return true;
    Case(C<Abs>(v,t), C<Abs>(v,t)) return true;
    Case(C<App>(f,t), C<App>(f,t)) return true;
    Otherwise() return false;
  } EndMatch
}
```

Generalized n+k Patterns

```
double power(double x, int n) {
  var<int> m;
  Match(n) {
    Case(0) return 1.0;
    Case(1) return x;
    Case(2*m) return sqr(power(x,m));
    Case(2*m+1) return x*sqr(power(x,m));
  } EndMatch
}
```

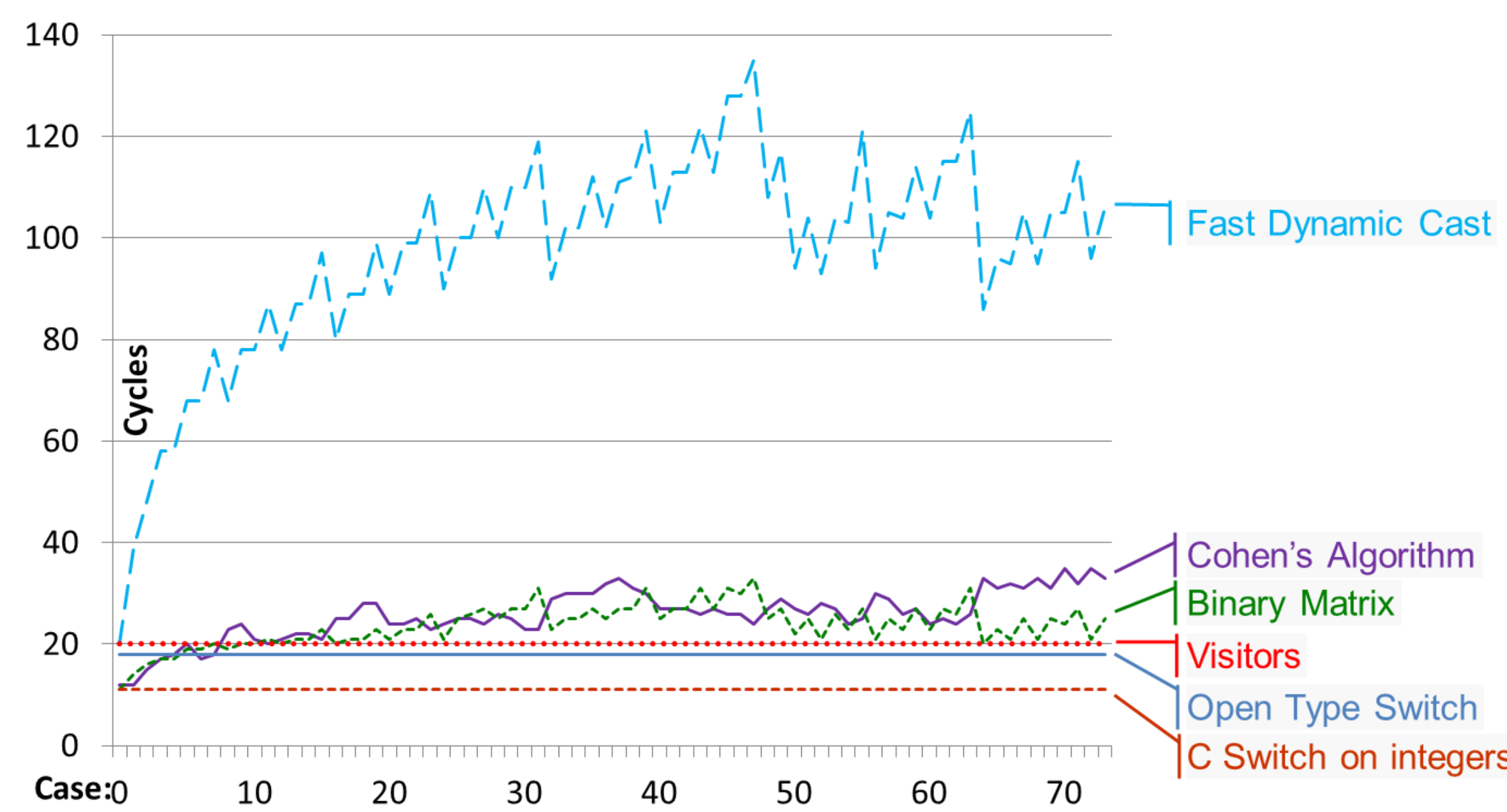
$$x^n = \begin{cases} 1 & n = 0 \\ x & n = 1 \\ (x^m)^2 & n = 2m \\ x(x^m)^2 & n = 2m + 1 \end{cases}$$

Performance Evaluation

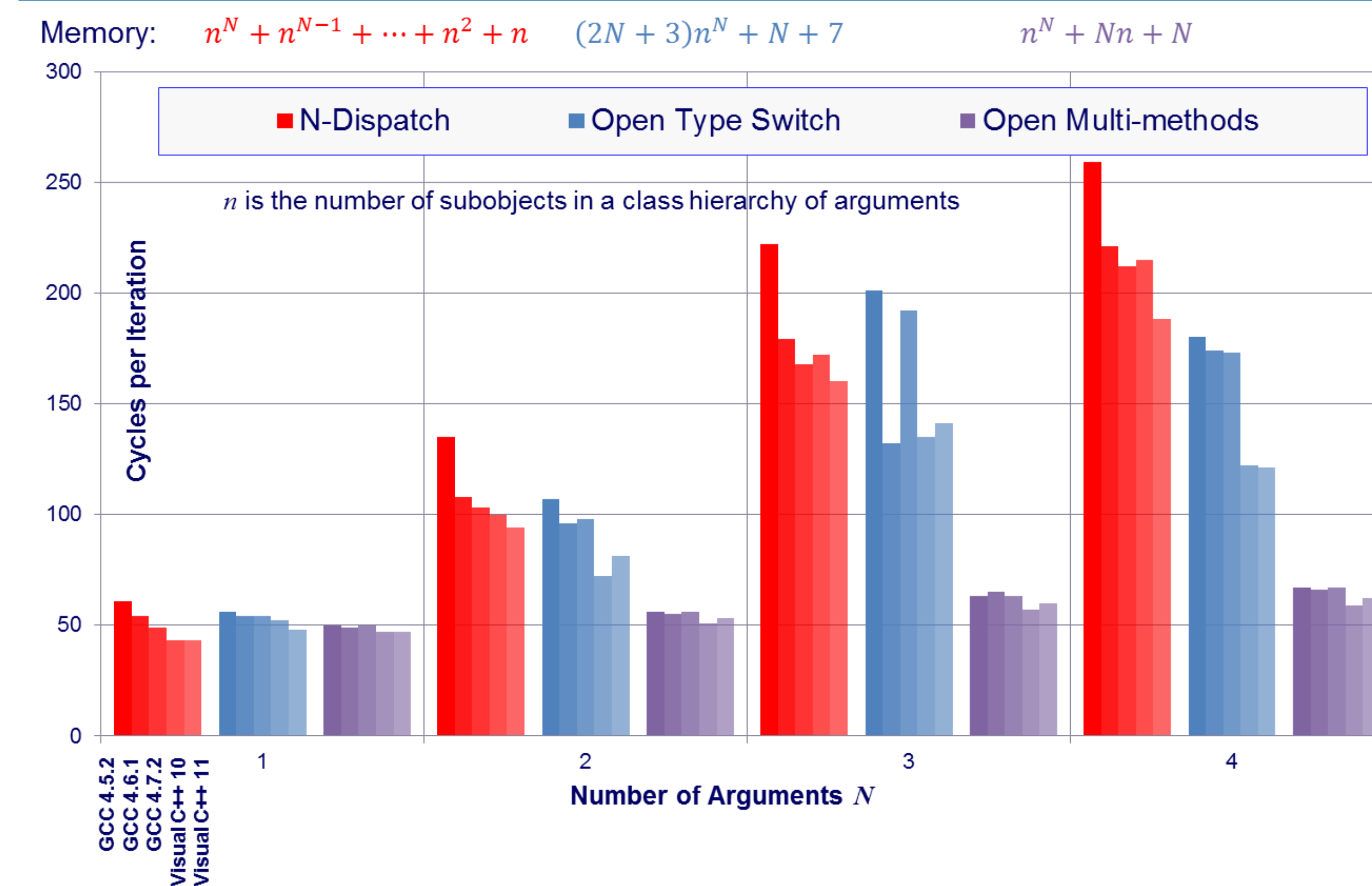
42% pattern matching is faster than visitors by
42% visitors are faster than pattern matching

| | Open | | | | Closed | | | |
|------------|-------|---------|------------|---------|--------|---------|------------|---------|
| | G++ | | Visual C++ | | G++ | | Visual C++ | |
| x86-32 | Linux | Windows | w/ PGO | w/o PGO | Linux | Windows | w/ PGO | w/o PGO |
| REP | 16% | 14% | 1% | 2% | 124% | 122% | 100% | 76% |
| SEQ | 56% | 12% | 48% | 2% | 640% | 467% | 29% | 30% |
| RND | 56% | 0% | 9% | 5% | 603% | 470% | 35% | 32% |
| Forwarding | REP | 33% | 22% | 8% | 24% | 53% | 49% | 20% |
| | SEQ | 55% | 233% | 135% | 193% | 86% | 290% | 48% |
| | RND | 78% | 25% | 3% | 13% | 88% | 33% | 8% |

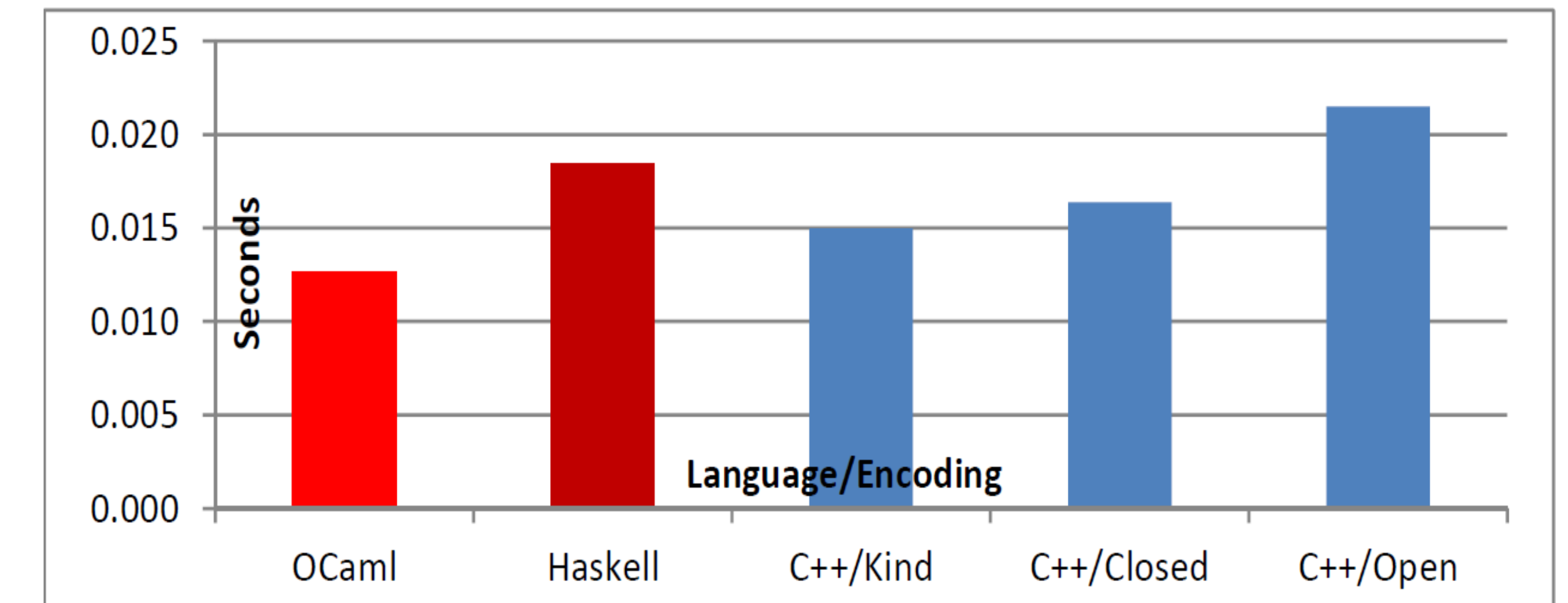
Comparison to Alternatives



Comparison to Multiple Dispatch

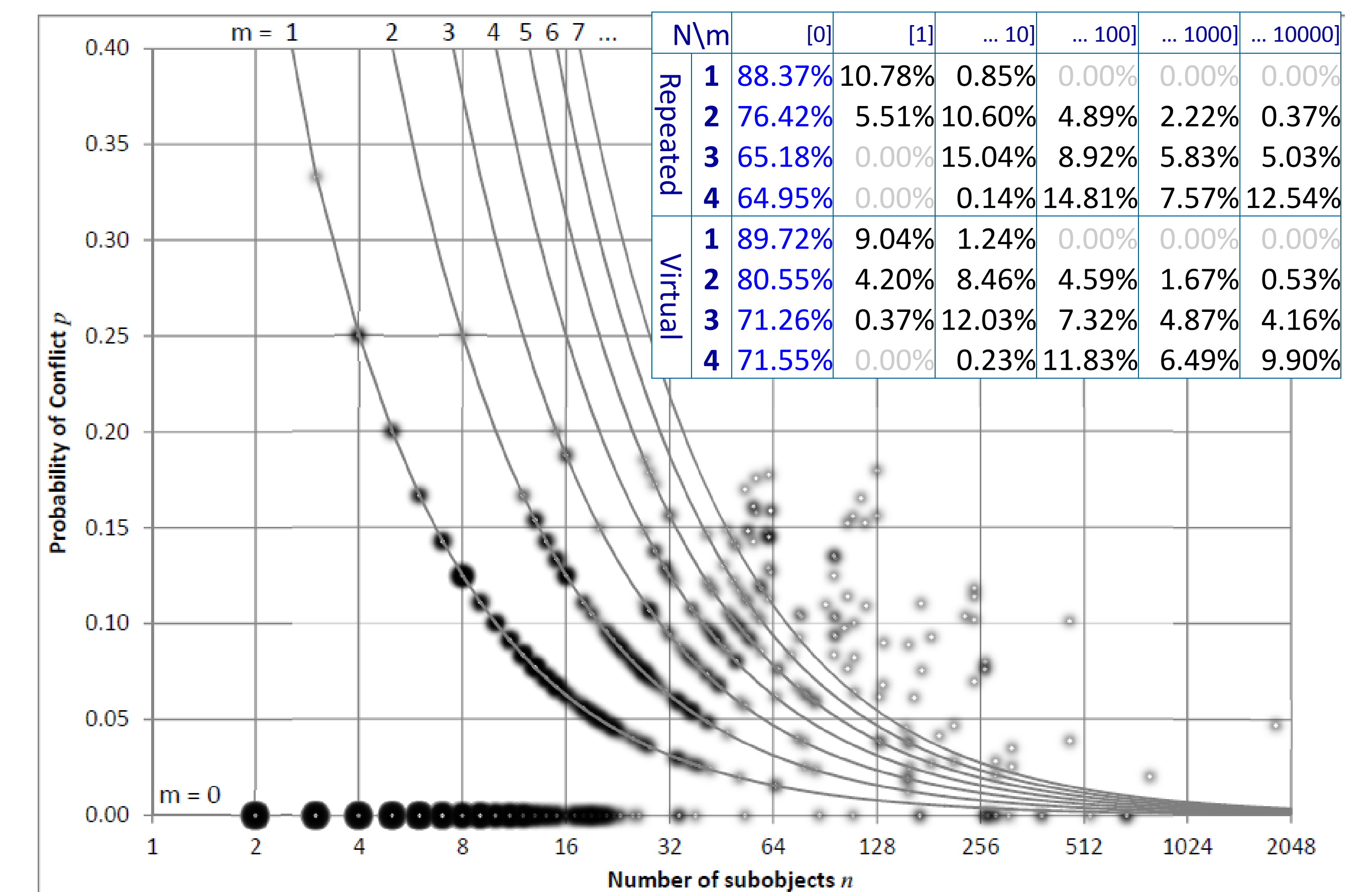


Comparison with OCaml & Haskell



Efficiency of Hashing

88.37% percentage of real-world type switches with no collisions in the hash
N—number of arguments, m—number of collisions due to hashing



Pattern Matching Overhead

42% faster than handcrafted version
42% slower than handcrafted version

| | Open Patterns | | | | | Patterns as Objects | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------|-------|-------|------------|------|---------------------|-------|-------|------------|-------|
| | G++ | | | Visual C++ | | G++ | | | Visual C++ | |
| | 4.5.2 | 4.6.1 | 4.7.2 | 10 | 11 | 4.5.2 | 4.6.1 | 4.7.2 | 10 | 11 |
| factorial ₀ | 15% | 13% | 17% | 85% | 35% | 347% | 408% | 419% | 2121% | 1788% |
| factorial ₁ | 0% | 6% | 0% | 83% | 21% | 410% | 519% | 504% | 2380% | 1812% |
| fibonacci | 17% | 2% | 2% | 62% | 15% | 340% | 431% | 395% | 2730% | 2597% |
| gcd ₁ | 21% | 25% | 25% | 309% | 179% | 1503% | 1333% | 1208% | 8876% | 7810% |
| gcd ₂ | 1% | 0% | 1% | 38% | 15% | 119% | 102% | 108% | 1575% | 1319% |
| lambda | 58% | 54% | 56% | 29% | 34% | 837% | 780% | 875% | 259% | 289% |
| power | 10% | 8% | 13% | 50% | 6% | 291% | 337% | 338% | 1950% | 1648% |